

**(Abstract)**

M.Sc Applied Zoology Programme (CBCSS) , in the Dept. of Zoology, Mananthavady Campus of the University- Modified Scheme&Syllabus relaxing Clause 6.7 & 6.8 of the P.G. Regulation in University Departments - Implemented - w.e.f. 2020 Admission -Orders issued

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**ACADEMIC C SECTION**

ACAD C/ACAD C1/4210/2023

Dated: 05.05.2023

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Read:-1.U.O.No.Acad/C4/3864/2020 dated 17.01.2021 & 28.11.2022

2.UO Note No.EP IV/EP IV-2/39385/2022 dated 22.02.2023 & 28.04.2023.

3.Minutes of the meeting of Department Council, Department of Zoology held on 24.04.2023

4.Modified Scheme and Syllabus of MSc Applied Zoology forwarded by the Head , Department of Zoology dated 28.04.2023 &29.04.2023.

**ORDER**

1. As per paper read (1) above, the revised Scheme& Syllabus of M.Sc Applied Zoology Programme (CBCSS) and its modification were implemented in the Department of Zoology, Mananthavady Campus w.e.f 2020 admission.

2.As per the Clause 6.7 of the Regulation of PG Programme implemented in the University Department w.e.f 2020 admission, "No regular student shall register for more than 24 credit and less than 16 credits per semester; subject to provisions of the programme concerned" and as per Clause 6.8, "The total credits required for the successful completion of a four semester Programme will be between 72 to 80. The maximum credits assigned to Core Courses for science subjects should not exceed 70 percent of total required credits"

3. The Examination branch Vide papers read(2) above, pointed out that total credit assigned for the Courses in the fourth semester is 14 which is against the PG Regulation in the University Department and also intimated some corrections in the modified Scheme and Syllabus of M.Sc Applied Zoology Programme(CBCSS).

4.The matter was intimated to the H.o.D. Consequently, the Department Council, Department of Zoology held on 24.04.2023 resolved to approve the modified Scheme & Syllabus of the M.Sc Applied Zoology with the following changes, w.e.f 2020 admission.

- Total Credit of the Fourth semester is changed from 14 to 16 by changing Credit assigned for the Course 'MSZOO4C11'-Project Work in the fourth semester from 6 to 8.
- The total credit of the programme will be changed from 80 to 82 .
- Name of the Practical VI course in the third semester is corrected from 'MSZOO03P06-Ecology and Parasitology' to 'MSZOO03P06-Ecology and Conservation Biology' in the Scheme of the Programme.
- Mismatches of the course title in the Scheme and Syllabus are rectified.
- Corrected the mark distribution in the assessment component of the Project in the IV semester in the detailed Syllabus part.(Internal evaluation:40 marks; External Evaluation:60 marks)
- Semester wise distribution of marks & credits for Core, Elective and Open Elective courses are included in the Scheme of the programme.

5. Further, the Head, Department of Zoology, submitted the modified Scheme& Syllabus of M.Sc

Applied Zoology programme(CBCSS), for implementation w.e.f 2020 admission, vide paper read (4) above.

6.The Vice Chancellor after considering the matter in detail and in exercise of the powers of the Academic Council conferred under section 11 (1) Chapter III of Kannur University Act 1996 **accorded sanction to implement the Modified Scheme and Syllabus of M.Sc. Applied Zoology Programme under CBCSS, in the Department of Zoology, Mananthavady Campus with effect from 2020 admission relaxing Clause 6.7 and 6.8 of the Regulation for PG Programmes implemented in the University Departments (2020) as detailed in para (2) above and incorporating corrections/modifications as detailed at para (4) above , and to report to the Academic Council.**

7. The modified Scheme and Syllabus of M.Sc Applied Zoology Programme (CBCSS) implemented with effect from 2020 admission are appended and uploaded in the University Website.(www.kannuruniversity.ac.in).

8.The UOs read (1) above stands modified to this effect

9.Orders are issued accordingly.

Sd/-

Narayanadas K

DEPUTY REGISTRAR (ACAD)

For REGISTRAR

To: 1. The Head, Department of Zoology  
Mananthavady Campus

Copy To: 1. The Examination Branch (through PA to CE).  
2. PS to VC / PA to PVC / PA to R  
3. DR / AR I/ AR II (Acad), EX-CI, EP IV  
4. The Web Manager (for uploading in the Website),  
5. The Computer programmer  
6, SF / DF /FC



Forwarded / By Order

  
SECTION OFFICER





# KANNUR UNIVERSITY

## DEPARTMENT OF ZOOLOGY

CURRICULUM AND SYLLABI FOR  
M. Sc. APPLIED ZOOLOGY COURSE

Choice Based Credit and Semester System (CBCSS)

(w. e. f. 2020 Admission)

**REGULATIONS, SCHEME AND SYLLABUS FOR M.Sc. APPLIED ZOOLOGY  
(BIODIVERSITY: CONSERVATION AND MANAGEMENT)  
Effective from 2020 Admission**

**1. ELIGIBILITY FOR ADMISSION:**

Candidates who have passed and secured at least 55% marks in B.Sc. Zoology (Main) Degree examination of this University or an equivalent examination of any other University is eligible to apply for the M.Sc. Applied Zoology (Biodiversity: Conservation and Management) programme.

Regulations regarding the reservation of the seats are as per the rules of Government of Kerala/Kannur University. Those who have appeared for the final year examination can also apply; however, they should produce the mark-sheet before the preparation of rank list.

**2. ADMISSION PROCEDURE:**

Admission to the MSc Applied Zoology programmes of the University department shall be made purely on the basis of Entrance Examination.

**3. REGISTRATION**

- a. The Department has Permanent/ Contract faculty members as Student Advisors. Each student at the time of admission will be assigned to an advisor by the Department Council. He/she will advise the student about the academic Programme and counsel on the choice of courses depending on the student's academic background and objective. The student will then register for the courses she/he plans to take for the semester before the classes begin.
- b. The Department of Zoology offering MSc Applied Zoology programme shall have the maximum of 20 students that can be admitted taking into consideration the facilities available. The Department Council will be the authority to fix the optionals that can be offered for a Programme while ensuring that sufficient choice is given to each student in all semesters other than Semester 1. Elective courses for the next semester will be announced within 10 days of the end of the previous semester.
- c. The student has to complete the prescribed prerequisites for the course before registration. The student within a maximum of 10 working days after the commencement of the classes can change the Optional Course with the consent of HoD in consultation with the Advisor.
- d. The Department shall make available to all students a bulletin listing all the courses offered in every Semester specifying the Credits, list of topics the course intends to cover, the name of the instructor, the timetable and examination schedule. This will be made available in the last week of each semester after it is approved by the Department Council, the Dean and the VC.

**4. COURSE DETAILS:**

- a. Credit and Semester system will be followed for the programme. Credit is the measure to assess the value or relative importance of a course, computed on the basis of the time to be devoted for teaching theory and/or practical. Credit defines the quantum of contents/ syllabus prescribed for a course and determines the number of hours of instruction required per week. Thus, credits will be assigned on the basis of the number of lectures/tutorials/ laboratory works and other forms of learning required completing the course contents in a sixteen-week schedule per semester.
- b. Each student at the time of admission will be assigned to an advisor by the department council. He/she will advise the student about the academic programme and counsel on the choice of

course.

- c. Three kinds of Courses are offered - Core, Elective and Open Elective Courses (including MOOC courses). Core and Elective Courses are offered by the Department conducting the Programme. Open Elective Courses are offered either by the Department conducting the Programme or by any other Department of the University or via MOOC.
- d. Elective Courses are offered by the Department concerned. Open Elective Courses will be offered by other Departments/Centres/Institutions as options. Open Elective Courses can be opted in any of the Semesters during the entire Programme other than the first semester. The maximum students that can be admitted to an Open Elective Course is limited to forty (40) except for MOOC courses. If the student intake in a department is more than 40, then the maximum number of students that can be admitted to an Open Elective course is equal to the student intake.
- e. The minimum duration for completion of a two year PG Programme in any subject is four (4) semesters and the maximum period for completion is eight (8) Semesters from the date of registration.
- f. Zero Semester: A Semester in which a student is permitted to opt out due to unforeseen genuine reasons.
- g. No regular student shall register for more than 24 credits and less than 16 credits per semester.
- h. The total credits required for the successful completion of a four semester Programme will be between 72 to 82.
- i. The Department Council shall design Core, Elective and Open Elective Courses including the detailed syllabus for each Programme offered by the Department. The Department Council shall have the freedom to introduce new courses and/or to modify/redesign existing Courses and replace any existing Course with a new Course to facilitate better exposure and training for the students, with the approval of the Faculty Council and the Academic Council.
- j. There shall be a one hour lecture excluding tutorials/seminars and two to three hours of practical work per week for one credit.

**5. EVALUATION:**

- a. Evaluation of the students shall be done by the faculty member who teaches the Course on the basis of Continuous Evaluation and an End Semester Examination. The proportion of the distribution of marks among End Semester Examination and Continuous Evaluation shall be 60:40.
- b. Continuous Evaluation includes Assignments, Seminars and periodic written examinations.
- c. The allocation of marks for each component under Continuous Evaluation shall be in the following proportions:

Theory		Practical	
Components	% of marks	Components	% of marks

Test paper	40% (16 marks)	Tests	75% (30 marks)
Viva, Seminar presentations, Discussion, Debate etc.	40% (16 marks)	Record	25%(10 marks)
Assignment	20% (8 marks)	--	--
Total Internal marks	40	Total internal marks	40

Mode of assessment i.e. administering of Test or Tutorial etc. will be decided by the department.

- d. A copy of all records of Continuous Evaluation shall be maintained in electronic format in the Department and shall be made available for verification by the University.
- e. Performance of each student in an assessment shall be intimated to him/her within two weeks of the conduct of test/ submission of assignment/ report.
- f. For the end semester examinations, the duration of a four credit course shall be 3 hours.
- g. The minimum attendance required for each Course shall be 60% of the total number of classes conducted for that semester. Those who secure the minimum attendance in a semester alone will be allowed to register for the End Semester Examination. Condonation of attendance to a maximum of 10 days in a Semester subject to a maximum of two spells within a Programme will be granted by the Vice-Chancellor. Benefit of Condonation of attendance will be granted to the students on health grounds, for participating in University Union activities, meetings of the University Bodies and participation in extra-curricular activities on production of genuine supporting documents with the recommendation of the Head of the Department concerned . A student who is not eligible for Condonation shall repeat the Course along with the subsequent batch.

## 6. GRADING:

6.1 An alphabetical Grading System shall be adopted for the assessment of a student's performance in a Course. The grade is based on a 6 point scale. The following table gives the range of marks %, grade points and alphabetical grade.

Range of Marks%	Grade Points	Alphabetical Grade
90-100	9	A+
80-89	8	A
70-79	7	B+
60-69	6	B
50-59	5	C
Below 50	0	F

A minimum of grade point 5 (Grade C) is needed for the successful completion of a Course. A student who has failed in a Course can reappear for the End Semester Examination of the same

Course along with the next batch without taking re-admission or choose another Course in the subsequent Semesters of the same programme to acquire the minimum credits needed for the completion of the Programme. There shall not be provision for improvement of CE and ESE. A student can sit the ESE again if she/he has successfully completed the CE requirements in a subsequent semester subject to the maximum durations permitted.

Performance of a student at the end of each Semester is indicated by the Semester Grade Point Average (SGPA) and is calculated by taking the weighted average of grade points of the Courses successfully completed. Following formula is used for the calculation. The average will be rounded off to two decimal places.

$$GPA = \frac{\text{Sum of (grade points in a course multiplied by its credit)}}{\text{Sum of Credits of Courses}}$$

**6.4** At the end of the Programme, the overall performance of a student is indicated by the Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA) and is calculated using the same formula given above.

Empirical formula for calculating the percentage of marks will be

$$\% \text{ Marks} = (\text{CGPA} \times 10) + 5.$$

Based on the CGPA overall letter grade of the student and classification shall be in the following way.

<b>CGPA</b>	<b>Overall Letter Grade</b>	<b>Classification</b>
8.5 and above	A+	First Class with Distinction
7.5 and above but less than 8.5	A	
6.5 and above but less than 7.5	B+	First Class
5.5 and above but less than 6.5	B	
5 and above but less than 5.5	C	Second Class

Appearance for Continuous Evaluation (CE) and End Semester Evaluation (ESE) are compulsory and no Grade shall be awarded to a candidate if he/she is absent for CE/ESE or both.

A student who fails to complete the Programme/Semester can repeat the full Programme / Semester once, if the Department Council permits to do so. Absence in an examination will be marked zero.

No student shall be allowed to take more than eight consecutive Semesters for completing the four Semester Programme from the date of enrolment.

## **7. GRADE CARD**

The Controller of Examinations shall issue the grade cards of all semesters and the consolidated grade card and certificates on completion of the programme, based on the details submitted by the Head of the Departments. This will be in both digital and physical format.

The Grade Card shall contain the following

- (a) Title of the Courses taken as Core, Elective & Open Elective.
- b) The credits associated with and grades awarded for each Course.
- c) The number of credits (Core /Elective / Open Elective) separately earned by the student and the SGPA.
- d) The total credits (Core / Elective / Open Elective) separately earned by a student till that Semester.

The consolidated grade statement issued on completion of the Programme shall contain the name of the Programme, the Department/School offering the Programme, the title of the Courses taken, the credits associated with each Course, grades awarded, the total credits (Core /Elective/Open) separately earned by the student, the CGPA and the class in which the student is placed. Rank Certificates will be issued based on CGPA calculated at the end of the last semester of that Programme.

## **8 DEPARTMENT COUNCIL**

All the Permanent and Contract teachers of the Department shall be the members of the Department Council.

The Department Council subject to the Regulation shall monitor every academic programme conducted in the Department.

Department Council shall prescribe the mode of conduct of courses, conduct of examinations and evaluation of the students.

An elected student representative also may attend the department council meeting where agenda related to academic matters / research activities of students are discussed.



## SEMESTER WISE DISTRIBUTION OF PAPERS, MARKS, CONTACT HOURS AND CREDITS

### First Semester

Paper No	Title of Paper	Contact Hrs/Week			Marks			Credits
		L	T/S	P	End Sem	Internal	Total	
	Course details/marks							
MSZOO01C01	Philosophy of Science and History of Biology	4	1	4	60	40	100	4
MSZOO01C02	Chemistry for Biologists	4	1	4	60	40	100	4
MSZOO01C03	Physics for Biologists and Statistics for Biologists	4	1	4	60	40	100	4
MSZOO01C04	Biosystematics, Taxonomy and Ethology	4	1	4	60	40	100	4
MSZOO01P01	Practical – I (Biochemistry)	6			60	40	100	3
MSZOO01P02	Practical – II (Biophysics & Biostatistics)	6			60	40	100	3
	Total				360	240	600	22

### Second Semester

Paper No	Title of Paper	Contact Hrs/Week			Marks			Credits
		L	T/S	P	End Sem	Internal	Total	
	Course details/marks							
MSZOO02C 05	Cytogenetics, Molecular Biology and Molecular evolution	4	1	4	60	40	100	4
MSZOO02C 06	Biotechnology & Bioinformatics	4	1	4	60	40	100	4
MSZOO02C 07	Comparative Animal Physiology	4	1	4	60	40	100	4
MSZOO02E 01*	Immunology *	4	1	4	60	40	100	4
MSZOO02P 03	Practical – III (Cytogenetics, Molecular Biology and Biotechnology)	6			60	40	100	3
MSZOO02P 04	Practical – IV (Animal Physiology and Parasitology)	6			60	40	100	3
	Total				360	240	600	22

### Third Semester

Paper No	Title of Paper	Contact Hrs/Week			Marks			Credits
		L	T/S	P	End Sem	Internal	Total	
	Course details/marks							
MSZOO03C 08	Developmental Biology	4	1	4	60	40	100	4
MSZOO03C 09	Ecology	4	1	4	60	40	100	4
MSZOO03C 10	Conservation Biology –I	4	1	4	60	40	100	4
MSZOO03E02*	Conservation Biology –II*	4	1	4	60	40	100	4
MSZOO03E03*	Wildlife Biology *	4	1	4	60	40	100	4
MS ZOO03P05	Practical – V (Developmental Biology)	6			60	40	100	3
MS ZOO03P06	Practical – VI (Ecology and Conservation Biology)	6			60	40	100	3
	Total				360	240	600	22

#### Fourth Semester

Paper No	Title of Paper	Contact Hrs/Week			Marks			Credits
		L	T/S	P	End Sem	Internal	Total	
	Course details/marks							
MS ZOO04E04*	Research Methodology – Concepts & Methods*	4	1	4	60	40	100	4
MS ZOO04E05*	Parasitology*	4	1	4	60	40	100	4
MS ZOO04E 06*	Fisheries Biology*	4	1	4	60	40	100	4
MS ZOO04C11	Project work	4	1	4	60	40	100	8
	Total				180	120	300	16

\*Elective paper - choose any one (MSZOO04E02\*, MSZOO04E03\*) in third semester and choose any two in fourth semester (MSZOO04E04\*, MSZOO04E05\*, MSZOO04E06\*)

### SEMESTER WISE DISTRIBUTION OF CORE, ELECTIVE AND OPEN ELECTIVE PAPER

#### First Semester-Core paper

Paper No	Title of Paper	Contact Hrs/Week			Marks			Credits
		L	T/S	P	End Sem	Internal	Total	
	Course details/marks							
MSZOO01C01	Philosophy of Science and History of Biology	4	1	4	60	40	100	4
MSZOO01C02	Chemistry for Biologists	4	1	4	60	40	100	4
MSZOO01C03	Physics for Biologists and Statistics for Biologists	4	1	4	60	40	100	4
MSZOO01C04	Biosystematics, Taxonomy and Ethology	4	1	4	60	40	100	4
MSZOO01P01	Practical – I (Biochemistry)	6			60	40	100	3
MSZOO01P02	Practical – II (Biophysics & Biostatistics)	6			60	40	100	3

#### Second Semester- Core paper

Paper No	Title of Paper	Contact Hrs/Week			Marks			Credits
		L	T/S	P	End Sem	Internal	Total	
	Course details/marks							
MSZOO02C 05	Cytogenetics, Molecular Biology and Molecular evolution	4	1	4	60	40	100	4
MSZOO02C 06	Biotechnology & Bioinformatics	4	1	4	60	40	100	4
MSZOO02C 07	Comparative Animal Physiology	4	1	4	60	40	100	4
MSZOO02P 03	Practical – III (Cytogenetics, Molecular Biology and Biotechnology)	6			60	40	100	3
MSZOO02P 04	Practical – IV (Animal Physiology and Parasitology)	6			60	40	100	3

#### Third Semester- Core paper

Paper No	Title of Paper	Contact Hrs/Week			Marks			Credits
		L	T/S	P	End Sem	Internal	Total	
	Course details/marks							
MSZOO03C 08	Developmental Biology	4	1	4	60	40	100	4
MSZOO03C 09	Ecology	4	1	4	60	40	100	4

MSZOO03C 10	Conservation Biology –I	4	1	4	60	40	100	4
MS ZOO03P05	Practical – V (Developmental Biology)	6			60	40	100	3
MS ZOO03P06	Practical – VI (Ecology and Conservation Biology)	6			60	40	100	3

#### Fourth Semester- Core paper

Paper No	Title of Paper	Contact Hrs/Week			Marks			Credits
		L	T/S	P	End Sem	Internal	Total	
	Course details/marks							
MS ZOO04C11	Project work	4	1	4	60	40	100	8
	Total				180	120	300	16

#### Second Semester- Elective paper

Paper No	Title of Paper	Contact Hrs/Week			Marks			Credits
		L	T/S	P	End Sem	Internal	Total	
	Course details/marks							
MSZOO02E 01*	Immunology *	4	1	4	60	40	100	4

#### Third Semester- Elective paper

Paper No	Title of Paper	Contact Hrs/Week			Marks			Credits
		L	T/S	P	End Sem	Internal	Total	
	Course details/marks							
MSZOO03E02*	Conservation Biology –II*	4	1	4	60	40	100	4
MSZOO03E03*	Wildlife Biology *	4	1	4	60	40	100	4

#### Fourth Semester- Elective paper

Paper No	Title of Paper	Contact Hrs/Week			Marks			Credits
		L	T/S	P	End Sem	Internal	Total	
	Course details/marks							
MS ZOO04E04*	Research Methodology – Concepts & Methods*	4	1	4	60	40	100	4
MS ZOO04E05*	Parasitology*	4	1	4	60	40	100	4
MS ZOO04E 06*	Fisheries Biology*	4	1	4	60	40	100	4

### PROJECT WORK

The main objective of introducing a project work in the curriculum is that the student who completes this course should get hands on experience in independent research work in the field of biodiversity conservation and management. He/she should equip himself/herself to face challenges in Conservation Biology and should be able to provide trained manpower in the field. A topic in the optional subject – Biodiversity: Conservation and Management shall be assigned to each student.

The research work related to this topic will be carried out by each student under the supervision of a teacher. The report of the findings shall be submitted by each student in the form of a dissertation which shall be submitted for evaluation a day prior to the date of viva voce examination of the fourth semester. A declaration by the student to the effect that the dissertation submitted by him/her has not previously formed the basis for the award of any degree or diploma and a certificate by the supervising teacher to the effect that the dissertation is an authentic record of work carried out by the student under his supervision are to be furnished in the dissertation.

Assessment of different components of project may be taken as below:

**Internal evaluation: 40 marks**

Internal evaluation should be done by the Internal supervising teacher on the basis of the involvement of student at various stages of the project work including collection of data in a time bound manner, submission of dissertation as per the time schedule and on the sincerity and punctuality in carrying out the dissertation work

**External evaluation: 60 marks**

External evaluation of the dissertation and the conduct of Viva Voce examination should be done by two examiners of which one should be an expert from an Academic or research institute from a panel of experts submitted to University by the Head of the Department and the other should be a permanent faculty member nominated by the Head of the Department.

Out of the 60 marks 40 marks may be earmarked for the dissertation, 15 marks for the presentation and 5 marks for the interaction

Pass conditions. The students shall declare to pass the project report course if she/he secures a minimum of 40% marks (internal and external put together). In an instance of inability of obtaining a minimum of 40% marks, project work may be redone and the report may be resubmitted along with subsequent exams through parent department. There shall be no improvement chance for the marks obtained in the project report.

Students are required to undertake a compulsory study tour and a report of tour is to be submitted along with the Dissertation.

## **CURRICULUM AND SYLLABI FOR MSc APPLIED ZOOLOGY**

### **I SEMESTER**

MSZOO01C01 - Philosophy of Science and History of Biology  
MSZOO01C02 - Chemistry for Biologists  
MSZOO01C03 - Physics for Biologists & Statistics for Biologists  
MSZOO01C 04 - Biosystematics, Taxonomy and Ethology  
MSZOO01P 01 - Practical I (Biochemistry)  
MSZOO01P 02 - Practical II (Biophysics & Biostatistics)

### **II SEMESTER**

MSZOO02C05 – Cytogenetics, Molecular Biology and Molecular Evolution  
MSZOO02C06 - Biotechnology and Bioinformatics  
MSZOO02C07 - Comparative Animal Physiology  
MSZOO02E01\* - Immunology  
MSZOO02P03 - Practical III (Cytogenetics, Molecular Biology and Biotechnology)  
MSZOO02P04 - Practical IV (Animal Physiology and Parasitology)

### **III SEMESTER**

MSZOO03C08 - Developmental Biology  
MSZOO03C09 - Ecology  
MSZOO03C10 - Conservation Biology – I  
MSZOO03E02\* - Conservation Biology – II  
MSZOO 03E03\* - Wild Life Biology  
MSZOO03P05 - Practical V (Developmental Biology)  
MSZOO03P06 - Practical VI (Ecology and Conservation Biology)

### **IV SEMESTER**

MSZOO04E04\* - Research Methodology – concepts and methods  
MSZOO04E05\* - Parasitology  
MSZOO04E06\* - Fisheries Biology  
MSZOO04C011 - Project Work  
\*Elective paper

### **MSZOO01C01 - Philosophy of Science and History of Biology 90 hrs**

**Course outcome:** After the completion of this course, the students will be able to:

Understand what science is and in what ways science differs from non science and pseudoscience subjects

Get a clear picture about what philosophy science is.

Understand the different methods of reasoning in Science.

Get an idea about the modes of scientific explanations.

Understand the role of paradigm shifts in various branches of scientific research; also get an idea about the scientific revolutions in various branches of science

Understand the value, its acceptance and the criticism to Science.

Understand the historical milestones in the evolution of scientific thoughts and research.

Distinguish between different centuries with respect to growth of science and scientific thoughts.

Understand the ups and downs in the history of science, pace of scientific research during 17<sup>th</sup> to 20<sup>th</sup> Centuries and contributions made by scientists in the past centuries.

### **A. Philosophy of science 50 hrs**

#### **MODULE I :**

- |  |               |
|--|---------------|
| <b>1. What is Science?</b>   | <b>5 hrs</b>  |
| Origins of modern science.<br>Philosophy of Science- definition, scope.<br>Science and pseudo-science.   |               |
| <b>2. Scientific Reasoning</b>   | <b>9 hrs</b>  |
| Deduction and induction<br>Hume's problem<br>Probability and induction   |               |
| <b>3. Explanation in science</b>   | <b>12 hrs</b> |
| Hempel's covering law model of explanation<br>The problem of symmetry<br>Explanation and causality<br>Can science explain everything?<br>Explanation and reduction |               |

#### **MODULE II :**

- |   |               |
|---|---------------|
| <b>4. Scientific Change and Scientific Revolutions</b>  | <b>11 hrs</b> |
| Logical positivist philosophy of science<br>The structure of scientific revolutions<br>Incommensurability and theory ladenness of data<br>Kuhn and the rationality of science |               |
| <b>5. Philosophical problems in Biology</b>   | <b>4 hrs</b>  |
| The problem of biological classification  |               |
| <b>6. Science and its Critics</b>   | <b>9 hrs</b>  |
| Scientism.<br>Science and religion<br>Is Science value free?  |               |

### **B. History of biology 40 hrs**

### MODULE III:

#### 1. An account on history of science

3 hrs

Ancient Greek philosophers.

#### 2. History of biology:

History of Biology during Seventeenth century: Anatomists, Microscopists 5 hrs

History of Biology during Eighteenth century: Great chain of being; Carl Linnaeus; Lamarck; Precursors to modern evolutionary theory. 8 hrs

### MODULE IV:

History of Biology during Nineteenth century: Birth of associations and societies to promote science; Charles Darwin; Pre-Darwinian evolution; Origin of species; The emergence of biological disciplines; Experimental physiology; Cell theory, cell pathology and germ theory. 12 hrs

History of Biology during twentieth century: 12 hrs

- First half of 20th century: Growth of microbiology and Biochemistry; Genetics and heredity
- Second half of 20th century: The architects of life - proteins, DNA and RNA; The origins and borderlines of life; Growth of genetic engineering; Growth of Biotechnology; Growth of Genomics; Growth of Recombinant DNA.

### REFERENCES

#### Philosophy of science

1. Alan Chalmers. What is this thing called science? University of Queensland Press, Open University press, 3rd revised edition, Hackett, 1999
2. Elliott Sober. Philosophy of Biology, West view press 2000
3. Richard Dewitt. Worldviews: an introduction to history and philosophy of science. Blackwell publishing 2004.
4. Boyd, R., Gasper, P., and Trout, J.D. (eds., 1991), The Philosophy of Science, Blackwell Publishers, Cambridge, MA.
5. Glazebrook, Trish (2000), Heidegger's Philosophy of Science, Fordham University Press.
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#### History of biology:

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## **MSZOO01C 02 - CHEMISTRY FOR BIOLOGISTS 90 hrs**

**Course outcome: After the completion of this course, the students will be able to:**

- Understand the chemistry behind life forms, also connect biochemistry to their own lives on a variety of levels.
- Understand the fundamental biochemical principles thereby get to know how biochemistry works in the body and under different conditions.
- This course features the laws of thermodynamics, concept of enthalpy, entropy and free energy changes and their application to biological systems and reactions.
- Through this course the students learn about the classification, structure and function of biomolecules such as carbohydrates, proteins, lipids etc.



- The students will be able to acquire the basic concepts of bioenergetics and oxidative metabolism. Thus become aware with the metabolic pathways of biomolecules, their regulation, and the importance of high energy compounds.
- The students will become aware of the fundamental knowledge on Enzymes and biocatalysis. They may acquire basic principles to analyze the enzyme kinetics and learn to estimate the activity of enzymes. Studying the enzyme inhibition mechanism introduces the area of treatment strategies for various diseases such as cancer and AIDS.
- Students in the Biochemistry will learn the chemical nature and functions of vitamins.
- The students will develop skills to determine the structure and nature of amino acids.
- This course provides the structure, biosynthesis and degradation of nucleic acids. Students will learn about the structure of DNA and RNA.
- The practical biochemistry course acquires through getting knowledge in biochemical techniques and applying biochemical calculations.
- Students will learn the qualitative and quantitative analysis of constituents of biological fluids such as urine, blood and their estimation using standard methods.
- In this course students will undertake experiments and thus understand the role of enzymes in clinical diagnosis and industrial applications as well.
- At the end of this course students are able to appreciate the importance of biochemistry in living systems.
- This course facilitates employability in diagnostic sector and R & D institutes.

**MODULE I: 21 hrs**

**1. Introduction: 6hrs**

Biochemistry and organization of cells  
 Molecular logic of life  
 Chemical unity and biological diversity  
 Biopolymers  
 The physical roots of the biochemical world  
 Laws of thermodynamics in biological system: entropy, enthalpy and concept of free energy

**2. Carbohydrates: 6hrs**

Structure of monosaccharides, disaccharides, oligosaccharides and polysaccharides  
 (chitin, bacterial cell wall and glycogen)  
 Physical and chemical properties of monosaccharides

**3. Lipids: 9hrs**

Classification of lipids, classification of fatty acids  
 Physical and chemical properties of lipids  
 Structural lipids in membranes; Phospholipids, sphingolipids and cholesterol.  
 Prostaglandins

**MODULE II: 12 hrs**

**4. Amino acids and proteins:****12hrs**

Structure of different amino acids in proteins. Classification of amino acids. Peptide bonds; Zwitter ions.

Classification of proteins; glycoproteins and proteoglycans

Structure of proteins; Ramachandran plot

Nitrogen excretion and urea cycle

**MODULE III:****30 hrs****5. Bioenergetics & oxidative metabolism:****30hrs**

Introduction to metabolism

Carbohydrate metabolism- Glycolysis; fate of pyruvate; gluconeogenesis; HMP pathway; glycogenolysis; glycogenesis, Regulation of glycogen metabolism. Citric acid cycle; electron transport chain; oxidative phosphorylation; redox potential; chemi-osmotic hypothesis; uncouplers; inhibitors of electron transport chain. High-energy compounds; role of ATP in the biological system

Lipid metabolism- Oxidation of fatty acids (saturated, unsaturated and odd carbon).

Ketone bodies; Biosynthesis of fatty acids; biosynthesis of cholesterol; Regulation of cholesterol biosynthesis.

Amino acid metabolism- transamination, decarboxylation and deamination reactions in the biological system; inborn errors in metabolism.

**MODULE IV****27 hrs****6. Enzymes:****13hrs**

Introduction- Classification and nomenclature. Specificity, various factors influencing velocity of enzyme catalyzed reactions

Michaelis-Menten equation & Kinetics, Line weaver-Burk plot

Enzyme inhibition-reversible and irreversible (competitive and non-competitive) with examples.

Enzyme inhibition in the treatment of AIDS

6.4 Regulatory enzymes-Allosteric enzymes

6.5. Zymogens, isozymes

**7. Nucleic acids:****8hrs**

Chemistry, biosynthesis and degradation of nucleic acids

Structure of DNA and RNA.

**8. Vitamins:****6hrs**

Chemical nature and functions of vitamins

Role of B-complex vitamins as coenzymes.

**Chemistry for biologists (References)**

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## **MS ZOO 01C 03 - PHYSICS FOR BIOLOGISTS & STATISTICS FOR BIOLOGISTS**

**90 hrs**

**Course outcome: After the completion of this course, the students will be able to:**

- Understand the methods of analysis of biomolecules using UV/visible, fluorescence, circular dichroism, NMR and ESR spectroscopy
- Know the processes of determination of the structure of biomolecules using spectroscopic methods.
- Gain knowledge in the field of radio isotopy, its related techniques and instruments.
- Learn about biophysical and electrophysiological methods used mainly for medical applications
- Gain insights into biostatistics, data collection and representation
- Apply and use descriptive, inferential and correlational statistics.
- Learn about probability theory, and identify and recognize theoretical probability distributions.

### **MODULE-1**

#### **1. Biophysical methods:**

Analysis of biomolecules using UV/visible, fluorescence, circular dichroism, NMR and ESR spectroscopy.  
Structure determination using X-ray diffraction and NMR, analysis using light scattering;  
Different types of mass spectrometry and surface plasma resonance methods.

Laser and its application in Biology

**2. Radiation biology:**

Properties of different types of radioisotopes normally used in biology, their detection and measurement.

Autoradiography,

G.M. counter

Incorporation of radioisotopes in biological tissues and cells

Applications of tracer techniques.

Radiation protection and therapy; safety guidelines.

**3. Bioacoustics:**

Physical basis of hearing

Physical aspects of sound transmission in the ear;

Echocardiography

Ultrasonography.

**4. Biophysics of vision:**

Eye as an optical instrument;

Formation of image.

**MODULE-2**

**1. Electrophysiological methods for biophysics:**

Single neuron recoding

Patch clamp recording

ECG

EEG

PET

MRI

CAT

**2. Biophysical methods and their applications:**

Microscopy

Bright field

Phase contrast

Fluorescence

SEM

TEM

STEM

Colorimetry;

Spectrophotometry

Flow cytometry

Gel-filtration

TLC

HPLC

Gel electrophoresis

Centrifugation

Differential

Density gradient

Ultracentrifugation.

**MODULE-3**

## **1. Introduction to biostatistics**

- Data
- Collection of Data
- Classification of data
- Tabulation of data

## **2. Diagrammatic and graphical presentation of data:**

- Bar diagram
- Pie diagram
- Histogram
- Frequency polygon
- Frequency curve

## **3. Measures of central tendency:**

- Mean
- Median
- Mode.

## **4. Measures of dispersion:**

- Range
- Mean deviation
- Standard deviation
- Quartile deviation

# **MODULE-4**

## **1. Probability:**

Basic concepts 1.2.Laws of probability 1.3.Probability distributions

### **1.3.1. Binomial distribution**

- Poisson distribution
- Normal distribution

## **2. Statistical inference:**

- Testing of hypothesis
  - Null and alternate hypotheses
- Testing of significance
  - Z-test
  - t-test
  - X<sup>2</sup> test

## **3. Analysis of variance (ANOVA):**

- One way analysis
- Two way analysis

## **4. Correlation analysis**

- Kinds of correlation
- Pearson coefficient of correlation
- Scatter plots

## **5. Regression analysis**

- Regression equations

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### Module-3 and 4

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## **MS ZOO 01C 04 – BIOSYSTEMATICS, TAXONOMY & ETHOLOGY (90 hrs)**

### **Course outcomes**

After successful completion of this course, students will be able to:

- Develop acknowledge base in the field of Animal Behavior especially of basic terms, key concepts, principles and comprehensive themes in animal behavior
- Develop skills in observing behavior of various groups of animals
- Understand and identify behaviors in a variety of taxa
- Understand fascinating range and complexity of behaviors in animals
- Recognize the relevance of animal behavior, both as a biologist and a human being
- Become familiar with the approaches used in the laboratory and field settings to obtain knowledge about animal behavior
- Understand the importance of fixed and plastic behaviors
- Competently discuss the basic ecological and evolutionary processes that shape various animal behaviors
- Learn to reason scientifically and learn to interpret and design studies in animal behavior and cognition.
- Apply knowledge of behavioral theory to new situations
- Exhibit quantitative research skills
- Demonstrate ability to communicate scientific information in both oral and written formats
- Further develop, the ability to apply critical thinking and logic to the solving of biological problems relating to animal behavior
- Understand basic concept of Taxonomy and its relevance.
- Understand the relevance of Biosystematics and its importance in resolving classical and applied research problems.
- Knowledge of the principles of animal nomenclature and terminology
- Acquire the knowledge of various taxa and understand the importance and applications of various species concept in Systematics
- Understand the merit and demerits of various schools of biological classification.
- Become familiar the basic principles of ICZN and their interpretations in resolving various taxonomic problems.

### **MODULE I**

#### **A. Biosystematics and taxonomy (45 hrs)**

**1. Definition and basic concepts:** Systematics and taxonomy; History of Systematics; Levels of taxonomy-alpha, beta and gamma taxonomy; Importance and goals of Systematics. **(6 hrs)**

**2. Classification:** Purpose and functions of classification; Types of classification – Artificial, Natural, Downward, Hierarchical, Phylogenetic, Evolutionary. (6 hrs)

**3. Species Concepts** – Typological, Nominalistic, Biological, Evolutionary; Intraspecific categories- Variety, Race, Cline, Subspecies. (3 hrs)

**4. Taxonomic Procedure:** Collecting, Labeling, Curating, Cataloguing, Identification, Description, Redescription, Taxonomic key-Types of key. (7 hrs)

## MODULE II

**5. Taxonomic Characters:** Definition; Diagnostic value of taxonomic characters; Kinds of characters – Morphological, Anatomical, Embryological, Cytological, Ethological, Ecological, Biochemical, Geographical, Molecular. (7hrs)

**6. Zoological Nomenclature:** History of Zoological Nomenclature; International Code of Zoological Nomenclature – Operative principles and important Codes. (6 hrs)

**7. Current trends in Systematics:** Biochemical systematics, Cytotaxonomy, Numerical taxonomy, Molecular systematics, Cladistics. (6 hrs)

**8. Taxonomic Publications:** Form and Style of Taxonomic paper – Title, Authors' name, Abstract, Introduction, Acknowledgements, Methods used and materials studied, Body of the text, Summary. Kinds of taxonomic publications – Description of new taxa, Synopses and Reviews, Catalogues and Checklists, Revisions, Monographs, Faunal Works, Atlases, Handbooks and Manuals. (4 hrs)

## MODULE III (22 hrs)

### B. Ethology

**1. Introduction (3 hrs)**

Definition and concepts; History; Ethology and its relation to other schools studying behaviour- Behaviourism; Proximate and ultimate causes of behaviour.

**2. Instinctive and Learning behaviours (5 hrs)**

Instinctive behavior: Fixed action pattern, Sign stimuli, Types of sign stimuli, Supernormalstimuli.

Learning : Categories of learning- habituation, classical conditioning, operant conditioning, latent learning, insight learning, imprinting, social learning.

**3 Complex Behaviour (4 hrs)**

Orientation and Navigation in birds

Ritualization

Raw materials for ritualization (Intention movements and Displacement activities)

**3 Physiology of behaviour (5 hrs)**

Neural basis of behaviour



Brain and behaviour  
Hormones and behaviour  
Hormonal impact on various behavioural patterns

**4 Genetics of behavior (5 hrs)**

Hybridization  
Single or multiple gene effect  
Gene mutations which influence behavior  
Relationship between genes and environment in the control of behavior

**MODULE IV (23 hrs)**

**5 Biological Communication (6 hrs)**

Components of communication system  
Functions; Costs and benefits of signaling  
Channels for communication (vision, audition, chemical senses, touch and electrical fields)  
Complex communication systems (Honey bee dance)

**6 Sociobiology (4 hrs)**

Types of social groups (Pair, Family, Harem, Matriarchy, Oligarchy, Arena and Hierarchy)  
Social Dominance  
Determinants of dominance  
Cost and benefits of dominance  
Cost and benefits of subordination

**7. Reproductive Behaviour (9 hrs)**

Evolution of sex and reproductive strategies  
Mating systems (Monogamy, Polygamy, Promiscuity)  
Sperm competition  
Sexual selection  
7.5 Parental behavior  
7.6.1 Types of parental care  
General features of parental behavior  
Factors affecting parental care  
Parent –offspring conflict

**8. Evolution of Behaviour (4 hrs)**

Adaptiveness of behavior  
Cultural transmission of behavior  
Kin selection and inclusive fitness; Altruism and reciprocal altruism.

**REFERENCES**

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#### **MS ZOO 01P 01 - PRACTICAL I (BIOCHEMISTRY)**

1. Quantitative estimation of carbohydrates :
  - a. Estimation of blood glucose by colorimetric methods (Nelson-Somoyi or Arsenomolybdate or by Folin-Wu method).
  - b. Estimation of total carbohydrate by phenol-sulphuric acid method.
2. Quantitative estimation of proteins:
  - a. Estimation of serum proteins by colorimetric method (Biuret method).
  - b. Estimation of total proteins from liver by Lowry's method.
  - c. Isolation of casein from milk.
3. Quantitative estimation of lipids
  - a. Estimation of serum cholesterol by Ferric chloride or Carr-Drekter method.
  - b. Saponification value of fat.
  - c. Estimation of total lipids in the serum (using phosphovanillin method).
4. Enzyme assays
  - a. Determination of salivary amylase activity-effect of substrate concentration.
  - b. Determination of salivary amylase activity - effect of pH.
5. Buffers and pH:
  - a. Comparison of the capacities of two buffers of the same pH.

#### **MS ZOO01P 02 - PRACTICAL II (BIOPHYSICS & BIOSTATISTICS)**

##### **Biophysics**

1. Absorption spectrum of potassium permanganate.
2. Determination of absorption coefficient and concentration of unknown solutions by calibration as well as by absorption coefficient.
3. Separation of mixtures of sugars and amino acids by paper/thin layer chromatography.
4. Micrometry
5. Phase contrast microscope, camera Lucida, Photomicrography equipment.
6. Determination of coefficient of viscosity.
7. Determination of pH of various biological fluids using pH meter.

##### **Biostatistics**

1. Preparation of frequency distribution for the data of a group of people according to height.

2. Diagrammatic presentation of census data in Kerala in the form of bar diagrams and pie diagrams.
3. Graphic presentation of a population distribution according to age in the form of histogram, frequency polygon and frequency curve.
4. Computation of measures of central tendency and dispersion in anthropometric data of school children.
5. Simulation of binomial and poisson distributions.
6. Estimation of population of birds in the University campus.
7. Design an experiment for the comparison of efficacy of diets of different types animals by the method of ANOVA.
8. Regression analysis and correlation analysis of a data of heights and weights of a group of students.
9. Estimation of organisms in water by Dilution Method.

## **II SEMESTER**

### **MS ZOO02C 05 – CYTOGENETICS, MOLECULAR BIOLOGY & MOLECULAR EVOLUTION**

**90 hrs**

#### **Course outcome:**

- Cell and molecular biology is the basic science that has its goal in explaining the life processes at the subcellular and molecular level.
- The paper provides the structural and functional role of cell organelles and cell membrane at the molecular level. Provide basic understanding of the role of membranes and its transport mechanisms.
- This course summarizes the processes of energy transaction in mitochondria and chloroplast.
- This course provides the basic elements of cell signalling systems and cell-cell communication.
- This course is designed to impart the students to appreciate the phases of cell cycle and cell cycle mechanisms involved in cancer.
- Upon completion of the cytogenetics part of this course students will able to understand human chromosomes and associated diseases.
- Through learning of this course students will understand the idea about microbial genetics and transposable genetic elements. This paper introduces the life cycle of bacteriophages as well.
- The students of this course learn about the molecular mechanism of Apoptosis.
- This course teaches the evolution and organization of prokaryotic and eukaryotic genomes.
- The course enables the students to acquire knowledge about genes at molecular level. They will learn about DNA, RNA and their replication, mutations, DNA repair mechanism, transcription, protein synthesis, and gene regulation.
- By learning advanced techniques in RNA editing and anti-sense RNA strategies through this course, students get a platform for understanding the advanced techniques and their applications in current research programs.
- The practical course provides hands-on laboratory research experience in cytogenetics and molecular biology techniques. Students acquire training with Chromosome preparations, cell cycle analysis and karyotyping.
- One major course outcome is to equip the students to understand modern molecular biology techniques for disease diagnoses and therapy.

## MODULE I

### A. Cytogenetics:

#### 1. Signal transduction (8h)

The basic elements of cell signaling systems.  
G protein coupled receptors and their second messengers  
Protein- Tyrosine phosphorylation as a mechanism for signal transduction.  
Cytokine receptors and JAK/STAT pathway  
The Ras/MAP Kinase pathway  
Phosphoinositide signaling pathway  
The role of calcium as an intracellular messenger

#### 2. The Eukaryotic Cell Cycle: (7 h)

Overview of cell cycle and its control  
Regulation of CDK activity  
Commitment to cell cycle and DNA replication  
Entry into mitosis  
Completion of mitosis: Chromosome segregation and exit from mitosis  
Surveillance mechanisms in cell cycle regulation  
Meiosis  
Molecular basis of Neoplasia.

#### 3. Microbial genetics: (3h)

Bacterial transformation, transduction, conjugation and bacterial chromosome.  
Bacteriophages: structure and morphology of T4 and lambda phages.

#### 4. Transposable genetic elements: (3h)

Genetic instability and the discovery of transposable elements  
Transposons in bacteria  
IS elements, the Tn family  
Mu phage as a transposable element  
Transposons in eukaryotes  
Controlling elements in maize  
P elements in *Drosophila*;  
Retroposon type transposition  
Yeast Ty elements  
Alu family  
Retroviruses and Retrotransposons

#### 5. Apoptosis: (2h)

Intrinsic pathway of apoptosis  
Extrinsic pathway of apoptosis

## MODULE II

### B. Molecular biology:

- 1. Genes and genomes:** (3h)  
 Genomes of prokaryotes and eukaryotes  
 Organelle genomes  
 Evolution of genomes.
- 2. Characteristic features of eukaryotic genome:** (3h)  
 Chromosomal content and C-value paradox  
 Unique, moderately repetitive and highly repetitive DNA sequences  
 Reassociation kinetics of the above types of DNA  
 Cot value and complexity of the genome
- 3. Chemistry and Structure of nucleic acids:** (4h)  
 Topology of nucleic acids  
 Supercoiling and topoisomerases  
 Different forms of DNA (A, B, C & Z).
- 4. Replication of DNA:** (8h)  
 Models of DNA replication: Semiconservative mode (Experiments of Messelson and Stahl and that of Cairns), rolling circle mode and D-loop mode of replication. Role of antisense RNA in replication initiation in plasmids.  
 Okazaki fragments and semi-discontinuous synthesis.  
 Enzymes and accessory proteins involved in DNA replication.  
 Primosome, replisome, Telomeric DNA and regulation of telomere length; reverse transcription.
- 5. DNA Repair:** (5h)  
 Excision repair, mismatch repair light dependant repair and SOS response

### MODULE III

- 6. Transcription in prokaryotes and eukaryotes.** (9h)  
 Initiation of transcription, elongation, termination and anti-termination  
 Promoter, enhancer and silencer sites  
 Transcription factors.  
 Post transcriptional modification of RNA  
 Capping and Tailing of mRNA  
 Removal of intron sequences by RNA splicing in mRNA, t RNA and rRNA, Splicing and Ribozyme.  
 RNA editing- guide RNA.
- 7. The genetic code:** (3h)  
 Characteristic features of the genetic code (triplet, comma less, non-overlapping a universal nature of the code).  
 Deciphering the code  
 Degeneracy of the code: Wobble hypothesis  
 Reading frame and frame shift.
- 8. Details of translation:** (7h)

Initiation, elongation and termination of protein synthesis  
Structure of *t* RNA  
Various steps and factors involved in translation.

**9. Regulation of gene expression in bacteria: (4h)**

The operon model. : *Lac* operon, *lac* repressor, negative and positive control  
Basic features of tryptophan operon  
Operator-repressor regulation and attenuation regulation

**10. Regulation of gene expression in phages: (3h)**

Circuit of lytic cycle and lysogeny  
Lytic cascade in lphage  
Transduction - generalized and specialized.

**11. Regulation of gene expression in eukaryotes: (3h)**

Regulation at transcriptional level  
Activation of transcription  
Repression of transcription  
Regulation at translational level  
Regulation by alternate pathways of transcript splicing  
Anti - sense RNA strategies for regulating gene expression; molecular mechanisms of anti-sense molecules.

**MODULE IV**

**C. Molecular evolution 15 hrs**

**1. Molecules and origin of life:**

1.1. Origin of basic molecules – origin of organized structures(coacervates, microspheres): RNA world – evolution of protein synthesis - evolution of genetic code; prokaryotes and eukaryotes- evolution of eukaryotic organelle; genetic constancy and variability – chromosomal variation, gene mutation, gene duplication; evolutionary history of haemoglobin, cytochrome C, pseudogenes, genetic polymorphism, eukaryotic clock; genetic drift and gene flow.

6 hrs

**2. Microevolution,** macroevolution and punctuated equilibrium, anagenesis and cladogenesis.

5 hrs

**3. The evolution of genome:** DNA alterations- genome size- gene diversification introns- repeat sequences.

4 hrs

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## **MS ZOO02C06 - BIOTECHNOLOGY AND BIOINFORMATICS (90 hrs)**

**Course outcomes:** On completion of the course, students will be able to:

- Understand the basic terms, principles and practices in Biotechnology
- Learn to apply biotechnological principles, methods and models to solve biotechnological tasks.
- Become familiar with the tools and techniques in genetic engineering
- Acquire knowledge on manipulation of genes, transfer techniques, expression systems and methods of selection
- Acquire basic concepts of establishing animal cell cultures
- Understand the applications of animal cell culture technologies
- Understand the applications of biotechnology in the different areas like medical, microbial, environmental, bioremediation, agricultural, plant, animal and forensic sciences.
- Understand the importance and use the biological databases
- Become familiar with algorithms and different methods of sequence alignments as well as execute alignments to address research problems
- Become familiar with a wide variety of bioinformatics tools and software
- Possess the technical background knowledge needed to support biotechnology research activities.
- Develop research aptitude and technical skills to seek a job in the field of biotechnology.

### **MODULE I**

#### **A. Biotechnology**

##### **1. Biotechnology: An Overview (3hrs)**

Scope and importance of biotechnology  
Biotechnology in India.

##### **2. Chimaeric DNA, Molecular Probes and Gene Libraries (9hrs)**

Restriction enzymes for cloning  
Techniques of restriction mapping  
Construction of chimaeric DNA  
Molecular probes (production, labeling and uses)  
Southern, northern and western blotting



Dot and slot blots  
Construction and screening of genomic and cDNA libraries

- 3. Cloning and Expression Vectors: (5hrs)**  
Cloning vectors for recombinant DNA (plasmids, phages, cosmids, transposons, YAC, MAC, etc.)  
Expression vectors for high level of expression of cloned genes (use of promoters and expression cassettes including baculovirus)  
Binary and shuttle vectors.

## MODULE II

- 4. Polymerase Chain Reaction (PCR) and Gene Amplification: (9 hrs)**  
Gene amplification  
Basic PCR and its modifications (inverse PCR, anchored PCR, PCR for mutagenesis, asymmetric PCR)  
Application of PCR in biotechnology and genetic engineering  
DNA polymorphism- RAPDs, VNTRs, SSRs  
Gene tagging  
DNA fingerprinting.  
DNA microarray.  
Molecular markers (RFLPs, RAPDs, mini satellites, microsatellites)

- 5. Sequencing and Synthesis of Genes: (5hrs)**  
DNA sequencing.  
Synthesis of genes  
Gene synthesis machines.

- 6. Animal Cell and Tissue Culture: (5 hrs)**  
Laboratory facilities  
Scope of animal cell and tissue culture  
Advantages and disadvantages of tissue culture  
Culture media for cells and tissues  
Culture procedures  
Primary Culture,  
Cell Lines and Cloning:  
Disaggregation (enzymatic and mechanical) of tissue.  
Artificial skin and artificial cartilage

- 7. Hybridoma and Monoclonal Antibodies: (5 hrs)**  
Hybridoma technology and the production of monoclonal antibodies  
Antibody engineering using genetic manipulations (Fv, Fab, Fc)  
Uses of monoclonal antibodies (diagnosis, imaging, therapy, vaccines, enzymes, etc.).

## MODULE III

- 8. Biotechnology in Medicine: (8 hrs)**  
Animal and human health care (vaccines, diagnosis and cure of diseases including

gene therapy)

Genetic counseling (antenatal diagnosis, fetus sexing)

Forensic medicine (identification of murderers and rapists, etc.).

Transgenic animals

Transgenic mice: Methodology (DNA microinjection method and Retroviral vector method)

Transgenic mice applications (Transgenic disease model, transgenic mice as test systems and conditional control of cell death)

**9. Use of Microbes in Industry and Agriculture: (8 hrs)**

Production of organic compounds by microbial fermentation (ethanol, acetone/butanol, gluconic acid.)

Production of enzymes by micro-organisms (amylases, proteases)

Production of antibiotics by micro-organisms

Single cell proteins (SCP) from micro organisms

Biohydrometallurgy and biomineralization

Biofertilizers

Bioinsecticides

Applications of genetically engineered bacteria.

**10. Intellectual Property Rights (IPR) (3 hrs)**

Intellectual property

Intellectual property rights (patents, trade secrets, copyright, trademarks);

Plant breeder's rights (PBRs) and farmer's rights.

**MODULE IV**

**B. Bioinformatics:**

**1. Bioinformatics – I: (15 hrs)**

Biological data bases – generalized and specialized data bases- DNA, protein and carbohydrate data bases

EST, GSS, SNP and RNA databases

Nucleic acid sequence data bases

Premier institutes for data bases

Nucleic acids and amino acid codes used in database formats.

**2. Bioinformatics – II: (15 hrs)**

Sequence alignment and its evolutionary basis

Searching the database for sequence similarity

Search programmes with special reference to FASTA, BLAST and CLUSTAL W.

Application of bioinformatics in phylogenetic analysis.

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## **MSZOO02C07 - COMPARATIVE ANIMAL PHYSIOLOGY 90 hrs**

**Course outcome-** After completing the course the students will be able to:

- Understand the different physiological systems in animals including respiratory system, circulatory system etc.
- Have a comparative knowledge about the physiological activities in invertebrate and vertebrate animals and about how their different physiological systems evolved.
- Compare how different environments result in differences in physiological systems/activities
- Understand the basic principles and protocols of techniques and methods in physiological experiments
- Understand about nutrition and the role of different enzymes in digestion and food absorption
- Understand the diseases and disorders caused due to irregular functioning of physiological systems
- Understand the neural transmission and functions associated with it
- Understand muscle movement and its physiology
- Understand the role of endocrine glands and hormones in regulating body functions, including reproduction

### **MODULE 1**

#### **1. Circulation**

Circulation of body fluids Cytoplasm, hydrolymph, haemolymph, lymph and blood, respiratory pigments structure and function of pigments

Circulatory mechanisms and fluid compartments, movement of body fluids open systems, closed system, lymph channel

Heart

Types of hearts, chambered hearts, tubular heart, ampular heart, lymphheart, neurogenic and myogenic heart

- Pace makers and specialized conducting fibres
- Cardiac cycle and cardiac output
- Blood pressure - Neural and Chemical regulation
- Myocardial infarction, atherosclerosis
- ECG
- Cerebral circulation, blood brain barrier and cerebrospinal fluids
- Placental circulation

## **2. Respiration**

Comparison of respiration in different animal groups [brief account only]

Anatomical considerations

Neural and chemical regulation of respiration

- Respiratory centres

- Factors regulating respiration

Periodic breathing

Metabolic rate

- Basic metabolic rate and its measurement, R.Q and calculation based on it

Respiratory adjustments

- Hypo ventilation, hypoxia, oxygen therapy, dyspnea, hyper ventilation, hypercapnia, respiratory buffering systems

Respiratory system in exercise

Oxygen toxicity, increased pressure of gas, decompression, inert gas narcosis

Respiration in unusual environment

- Foetal and neonatal respiration

- High altitude diving

## **MODULE 2**

### **1. Nutrition, Digestion and Absorption:**

- Ruminant and non ruminant herbivory

- Biochemistry of digestion and absorption of

- Carbohydrate

- Protein

- Fat

- Liver and biliary system

- Neuronal and hormonal regulation of nutritional intake

- Secretion of digestive enzymes

- Hunger drive and thirst.

- Physiology of gastro-intestinal disorders

- Ulcer, Constipation

- Nutritional disorders

- Obesity, starvation, anorexia, vitamin deficiency

### **2. Excretion**

Comparison of excretion in different animal groups [brief account only].

Osmoregulation, contractile vacuole, coelomoducts, flame cells, green glands, malpighian tubules, invertebrate nephridia

Vertebrate kidney

Mechanism of tubular reabsorption and secretion

Counter current mechanism

Regulation of urine formation

Concept of plasma clearance

Excretory products

Waste elimination, micturition  
Regulation of water balance, electrolyte balance and acid base balance  
Kidney disorders  
Acute renal failure, chronic renal failure-glomerulonephritis and pyelonephritis  
Artificial kidney  
Diuretic hormones.

## **MODULE 3**

### **1. Nerve physiology:**

Neurons, action potential;  
Gross neuroanatomy of brain and spinal chord  
Peripheral nervous system  
Neurotransmitters and Neurohormones  
Synaptic transmissions  
Electrical and chemical transmission  
Drug modified transmission and synaptic junction  
Neural disorders  
Parkinson's disease, Epilepsy, Schizophrenia, Alzheimer's syndrome, Dyslexia

### **2. Sensory and Effector physiology:**

Structural and functional classification, modality, intensity, exteroceptors, interoceptors, secondary sense cells, transduction and sensory coding

Chemical senses  
Taste and smell  
Mechanism of reception  
Mechanoreceptors  
Hair cell, organ of equilibrium  
Vertebrate ear  
Structure; physiology of hearing  
Vertebrate eye  
Structure; physiology of image formation  
Electro and thermoreceptors  
Somatic sensations  
Pain receptors; headache; pain suppression (analgesia) system in the brain and spinal cord

### **3. Muscle physiology**

Skeletal muscle  
Ultrastructure and molecular organization  
Protein components of muscle (mechanism and theory)  
Contraction and relaxation of muscle  
Energetics of muscle contraction  
Muscle twitch, summation, tetanus, catch muscle, fibrillar muscle

## **MODULE 4**

### **1. Reproductive physiology:**

General pattern of reproduction  
Role of hormones in reproduction in human male  
Role of hormones in implantation, pregnancy, parturition and lactation in human female

### **2. Endocrinology:**

Endocrine glands  
Basic mechanism of hormone action

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**MSZOO02E01\* – IMMUNOLOGY**

**90 hrs**

### **Course Outcomes: After the completion of the course the student will be able to:**

- Understand about the cells and organs involved in the human defense system etc.
- Acquire an in depth knowledge on the structure and functions of antibodies and the role of antigens in immune mechanism .
- Compare how different chemical messengers function in different immune status
- Use and explore several techniques and methods in conducting immunological experiments

- Understand about story of somatic gene rearrangement
- Understand different types of vaccines and their applications
- Understand the methods and issues in transplantation of organs, tissues etc.
- Understand different types of autoimmune diseases
- Learn the fundamentals of tumor immunology, different types of hypersensitivity reactions etc.

## **MODULE I: Soldiers of Immune system**

- 1. Historical background and scope of immunology** **3 hrs**  
 Overview of the immune system  
 Types of immunity  
 Innate immunity  
 Acquired immunity
- 2. Cells and organs of immune system** **5 hrs**  
 Cells of the Immune system  
 Haematopoiesis: Myeloid lineage; lymphoid lineage; cells of immune system.  
 Primary lymphoid organs: Bone marrow & thymus  
 Secondary lymphoid organs: Lymph node, spleen & MALT
- 3. Cytokines and Chemokines** **5hrs**  
 Biological functions  
 Families of cytokines and associated receptor molecules  
 Cytokine-related diseases
- 4. Antigens (Immunogens):** **5 hrs**  
 Characteristic features of antigens  
 Factors affecting antigenicity (immunogenicity)  
 Epitopes & haptens  
 Adjuvants; role of adjuvants in enhancing immunogenicity  
 Superantigens
- 5. Antibodies (Immunoglobulins):** **5 hrs**  
 Structure of a typical antibody molecule  
 Different classes of immunoglobulins (IgA, IgD, IgG, IgM and IgE).  
 Hybridoma technology: Monoclonal antibodies and their applications.
- 6. Organization and expression of immunoglobulin genes:** **8 hrs**  
 Primary immunoglobulin gene rearrangement  
 Immunoglobulin genes  
 The mechanism of V(D)J recombination  
 V(D)J recombinase  
 6.6. Mechanisms that generate immunoglobulin diversity
- 7. Complement system:** **8 hrs**  
 Classical pathway  
 Lectin pathway  
 Alternate pathways of complement activation  
 Formation of membrane attack complex (MAC)  
 Complement control proteins
- 8. Major histocompatibility complex:** **8 hrs**  
 General organization MHC class I and MHC class II  
 Antigen processing and presentation: Endogenous & exogenous pathways



MHC genes  
Regulation of MHC expression  
Functions of MHC complex

**9. Hypersensitivity reactions: 10 hrs**

Type I hypersensitivity reactions (Allergy)  
Antibody mediated (Type II) hypersensitivity reactions  
Immune complex-mediated (Type III) hypersensitivity reactions  
Delayed type (Type IV) hypersensitivity (DTH) reactions

**10. Tolerance and auto-immunity 8 hrs**

Making and breaking of self tolerance  
Organ specific auto-immune disease: Hashimoto's Thyroiditis; Type 1 Diabetes Mellitus; Myasthenia Gravis  
Systemic auto-immune diseases: Systemic Lupus Erythematosus; Rheumatoid Arthritis  
Factors that favor susceptibility to autoimmune disease: Genetic and environmental factors.

**11. Transplantation immunology 8 hrs**

Graft rejection  
Role of T cells in graft rejection  
General immunosuppressive therapy  
Specific immunosuppressive therapy  
Organs amenable to clinical transplantation.

**12. Vaccination 9 hrs**

Requirements for an effective vaccine.  
Different types of vaccines  
12.2.1. Live attenuated vaccine  
Inactivated polypeptides as vaccines  
Recombinant vaccines  
DNA vaccines.

**13. Immunodeficiency diseases 4 hrs**

Primary Immunodeficiencies  
Secondary Immunodeficiencies

**14. Tumor Immunology 4 hrs**

Tumor antigens: Tumor specific antigens and tumor associated antigens  
Immune responses to cancer

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### **MSZOO02P03 - PRACTICAL III (CYTOGENETICS, MOLECULAR BIOLOGY AND BIOTECHNOLOGY)**

#### **Cytogenetics:**

1. Chiasma frequency studies using grasshopper testes squashes.
2. Preparation of chromosomes from rat or mouse bone marrow or human or any other lymphocyte cultures.
3. Analysis of metaphase chromosomes from rat or mouse bone marrow or any other suitable material by means of G and C banding.
4. Preparation of human karyotype from photographs (Xerox copies would be sufficient) of chromosome spreads – Normal and abnormal
5. Identification of human blood cell types and demonstration of drumstick on neutrophils, employing any suitable stain. Staining of human buccal epithelial smear to demonstrate Barr body.
6. Preparation and analysis of salivary gland polytene chromosomes of *Drosophila* larvae.
7. Cell fractionation and isolation of nuclei from a suitable tissue e.g., rat liver.

8. Histochemical staining of carbohydrates (PAS), Protein (Bromphenol blue), lipids (Sudan Black), DNA (Feulgen stain), DNA and RNA (Methyl Green –Pyronin)

### **Molecular Biology**

1. Induction of chromosome aberrations in roots of *Allium cepa* or any other suitable material such as *Tredescontia* by a suitable clastogenic agent and its demonstration by means of root tip squashes.
2. Maintenance of *Drosophila melanogaster* culture. Demonstration of sex-linked inheritance by means of suitable crosses e.g., wild type with white eye color mutant.
3. Gene mapping of *Drosophila melanogaster*, using textbook problems.
4. Extraction of DNA, RNA and Proteins followed by their estimation. Estimation of DNA by diphenylamine test and RNA by orcinol and protein by Lowry *et al* methods.
5. Maintenance of *E.coli* culture (Shake and surface cultures) and quantitative evaluation (number of cells/ml) of a given sample of culture by dilution and plating.
6. Isolation of genomic DNA (Isolation of DNA from cultured cells and tissues)
7. Isolation of RNA from Yeast.
8. *Drosophila* banding techniques and karyotyping.
9. Preparation of restriction fragments and their separation by electrophoresis

### **REFERENCES**

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33. Bradshaw, L. J. (1966) Introduction to Molecular Biological Tech.. Prentice Hall Inc., USA.

## **MSZOO02P04 - PRACTICAL IV (ANIMAL PHYSIOLOGY AND PARASITLOGY)**

### **Animal Physiology**

1. Detection of digestive enzymes in the hepatopancreas of crab.
2. Determination of Effect of temperature, on salivary amylase activity.
3. Determination of Effect of pH on salivary amylase activity.
4. Determination of Effect of substrate concentration on salivary amylase activity.
5. Diffusion of substances through intestine of frog.
6. Determination of osmotic concentration of human RBC.
7. Enumeration of human RBC.
8. Differential count of human WBC.
9. Determination of vertebrate haemoglobin using colorimetry.
10. Total and differential count of WBC
11. Effect of osmotic stress on rate of respiration.
12. Determination of salinity variations on volume/weight ratio. Nervous conduction in Arthropods.

### **Parasitology:**

1. Preparation and uses of blood and tissue impression smears.
2. Collection and preservation of Protozoan parasites.
3. Collection and preservation of trematode parasites.
4. Collection and preservation of vector arthropods.
5. Collection and study of intra-molluscan study of trematodes from freshwater gastropods.
6. Collection and study of metacercariae from freshwater fishes and other hosts.
7. Study of medically important larval forms of insect pests.
8. Study of prepared permanent slides of parasites.
9. Collection, Preservation and identification of snail hosts of Trematode parasites.

### III SEMESTER

MSZOO03C08 – DEVELOPMENTAL BIOLOGY 90 hrs

**Course outcome: After completing the course, the students will be able to:**

- Understand the concepts of early animal development. Also to understand the processes that lead from the fertilization of an egg cell to the formation of a well-structured and multicellular organism.
- Learn the molecular and cellular mechanisms behind the early development of organisms. Also to understand the role of the genes and proteins involved in regulating the processes of cell differentiation and determination, morphogenesis and growth.
- Get a clear idea about the paracrine factors and the main signaling pathways that play important roles in development.
- Learn the early developmental mechanisms and the genetics of axis specification involved in the development of genetic model organism *Drosophila melanogaster*.
- Have a better understanding of the hierarchy of gene activation that occurs in early *Drosophila* development.
- Learn and understand the early development and axis formation in amphibians such as *Xenopus laevis* and Salamander larva.
- Describe how our eyes and arms develop in the proper locations when every cell contains identical genetic information.
- Learn how the sex of an individual is determined and its importance in sexual reproduction
- Attain knowledge about insect and amphibian metamorphosis and regeneration in various groups of animals
- Develop skills in critical thinking of developmental abnormalities leading to congenital defects due to endocrine disruptors and teratogens.
- Explain how embryonic and adult stem cells and their alternatives can be used in medical treatments.
- Students who are undertaking the practical sessions of the course is provided with experimental approaches to study the development of chick embryo and the histological preparations of different invertebrate larvae
- At the end of this course students will appreciate that the recent advances in life science are due to our in-depth understanding of basic biological processes.

#### 1. Developmental dynamics of cell specification:

Autonomous specification

syncytial specification

Conditional specification; morphogenetic gradient.

6hrs

<b>2. Cell fate, potency, determination and differentiation.</b>	<b>4hrs</b>
<b>3. Genomic equivalence and cytoplasmic determinants, Genomic imprinting.</b>	<b>4hrs</b>
<b>4. Cell communication in development:</b>	
Induction and Competence:	
Cascade of induction – reciprocal and sequential inductive events; instructive and permissive interactions; epithelial- mesenchymal interactions.	
Paracrine factors.	
Signal transduction cascades – fibroblast growth factors and RTK pathway; JAK-STAT pathway, hedgehog family; wnt family.	
4.4 Juxtacrine signaling and cell patterning <i>eg. C. elegans</i> ; the notch pathway.	<b>10hrs</b>
<b>5. Gametogenesis, fertilization and early development:</b>	
5.1 Production of gametes	
5.2 Cell surface molecules in sperm egg recognition	
5.3 Slow block polyspermy (mammals)	
5.4 Fast block polyspermy (sea urchin)	
5.5 Zygote formation, cleavage, blastula, gastrulation, formation of germ layers.	<b>10hrs</b>
<b>6. Genetics of axis specification in Drosophila:</b>	
6.1 Early Drosophila development	
6.2 Genes that pattern the Drosophila body plan	
6.3 Primary axis formation during oogenesis	
6.4 Generating dorsal-ventral pattern in the embryo	
6.5 Segmentation and anterior-posterior body plan	
6.6 Segmentation genes; homeotic selector genes.	<b>10hrs</b>
<b>7. Early development and axis formation in amphibians:</b>	
Primary embryonic induction	
7.2 Mechanism of axis determination in amphibians	
7.3 Functions of the organizer	
7.4 The regional specificity induction	
7.5 Specifying the left right axis	<b>10hrs</b>
<b>8. Later embryonic development:</b>	
Eye Induction	
8.2 Limb Development in Vertebrates	
8.3 Differentiation of neurons	<b>8hrs</b>
<b>9. Sex Determination</b>	
Chromosomal sex determination in Drosophila & mammals	
9.2 Environmental sex determination	<b>6hrs</b>
<b>10. Post embryonic development:</b>	
10.1 Metamorphosis; Insects and amphibians	
10.2 Regeneration	
10.3 Aging: senescence genes; role of free radicals; hormones and aging	<b>8hrs</b>
<b>12. Teratogenesis, Endocrine disruptors, Impacts of pesticide on development</b>	<b>6hrs</b>
<b>13. Stem cells: Embryonic stem cell; adult stem cell; medical application</b>	<b>8hrs</b>

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11. Gilbert S. F. (2013). Developmental Biology 10th edition. Sinauer Assoc.

## MSZOO03C09 – ECOLOGY

(90 hrs)

**Course outcomes:** On completion of the course, students should be capable of:

- Comprehensive understanding of the basic terms, principles, rules and concepts of the ecological science
- Becoming familiar with the ecological relationships between organisms and their environment
- Understanding how earth's major ecosystems function
- Developing an understanding of the differences in the structure and function of different types of ecosystems.
- Understanding the value of these ecosystems to humans and to animals and plants
- Understanding the differentiating properties of terrestrial, aquatic and marine ecosystems and the accompanying communities;
- Having a futuristic attitude: Ability to recognize and address current environmental scenarios, scientific and technological progress, lifestyle change.
- Developing research aptitude in Ecology

## MODULE I

### 1 Ecosystem

(14 hrs)

Concept of the ecosystem  
Properties of Ecosystem  
Biomagnifications  
Ecological efficiency  
Ecological niche  
Edge Effects & Ecotones  
Ecocline & Ecotype  
Ecological Equivalents.

**2 Energy Concepts (15 hrs)**

Energy flow within the Ecosystem

Laws of thermodynamics

Concept of productivity

Primary productivity; Measurement of primary production; Secondary productivity; Energy partitioning in food chains and food webs; Metabolism and size of Individuals

Decomposition

Ecological footprint

Carbon footprint

**MODULE II**

**3 Population Ecology (15 hrs)**

Life table

Survivorship curves

Dispersion

Concept of carrying capacity

Population fluctuation and cyclic oscillations

Population Growth curves: Sigmoid growth curve; J-shape growth curve.

Regulation of population: Density independent and density dependent mechanisms of

Population regulation

r- and k- selection

Population interactions: Mutualism, Predation; Competition

**4 Community Ecology (8 hrs)**

Keystone Species,

Umbrella Species

Flagship species

Ecosystem Engineers

Diversity indices: Dominance indices; Shannon index; Simpson's index;

Brillouin index; Rank Abundance; Diagrams; Jaccard Coefficient; Sorensen

Coefficient; Cluster Analysis

**MODULE III**

**5 Ecosystem Studies (10 hrs)**

Ecology of wetlands functions, threats and management

Ecology of coral reefs: functions, threats and management

Ecology of tropical rainforest, vegetation structure, productivity and nutrient cycling, functions, threats and management

**6 Climate change Ecology (7 hrs)**

Definition

Human mediated global climate change

Climate change and ecosystem

**MODULE IV**

## **7 Ecological Modeling**

**(8 hrs)**

Introduction

Statistical models

Non-statistical models

Analytical model

Simulation model

Validation of models

## **8 Molecular Ecology**

**(6 hrs)**

Concept of molecular ecology

Emergence of molecular ecology

Application of molecular ecology

## **9 Environmental Biotechnology**

**(7hrs)**

Bioremediation- Bioreactors for liquid waste management, biofilters, biomethanation, removal of oil spill

Ecological impacts of genetically modified organisms

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### **MSZOO03C10 - CONSERVATION BIOLOGY – I**

**90 hrs**

**Course outcome:** After completing this course the students will be able to:

- Learn about conservation science theory and principles with examples from the field.
- Identify and understand the current threats to the biodiversity such as deforestation, fragmentation and global climate change
- Identify and evaluate the present in-situ conservation and ex-situ conservation strategies
- Analyse threats to biodiversity using molecular techniques
- Gain insights into fundamentals of conservation genetics and how it can be used as a tool for conserving and managing populations
- Identify the current problems in conservation and evaluate/explore the solutions to the problems
- Understanding the importance of including social science in conservation problem solving

- Analyse recent publications in conservation and developing complex problem solving skills in conservation
- Identify the current conservation issues in the Western Ghats biodiversity hotspot and developing skills to tackle them.

## **MODULE I**

### **1. Conservation and its Importance 18 hrs**

Meaning of conservation

Approaches to conservation

Conservation biology-principles

Categories for conservation status

Economic Evaluation of conservation: Cost benefit analysis; Safe minimum standard criteria

## **MODULE II**

### **2. Threats to Biodiversity 30 hrs**

Extinction: Current human caused mass extinction; Secondary Extinction;  
Extinction vulnerability

Anthropogenic impacts

Habitat destruction, degradation, fragmentation and loss

Overexploitation: Types of exploitation; Consequences of exploitation.  
Commercial harvesting, International Wildlife Trade

Global Climate Change

Pollution

Exotic/ Invasive species: Impacts; Success rates

Genetically Modified Organisms

## **MODULE III**

### **3. Conservation of Biodiversity 16 hrs**

Conservation strategies

In-situ conservation: Protected Areas, IUCN protected area categories,  
Protected area network in India

Ex-situ conservation: Gene banks; Germplasm banks; Seed banks; Botanical  
gardens; Zoos

Conservation in Captivity: Problems of captive breeding; Adaptations to captivity;  
Reintroduction & release.

## **MODULE IV**

### **4. Molecular techniques in Conservation 13hrs**

PCR for genotyping endangered species

RAPD as a tool of taxonomic assessment  
DNA Fingerprinting – the use of satellite markers  
RELP for assessment of genetic variation among individuals

## 5. Conservation Genetics

13 hrs

Effective population size

Small populations

Genetic threats to small populations: Genetic drift; Inbreeding depression; Mutational meltdown.

## REFERENCES

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2. Caughley, Graeme, Sinclair and Antony (1994) Wild life Ecology and Management. Blackwell Science, USA
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### **MSZOO03E02\* –CONSERVATION BIOLOGY – II 90 hrs**

**Course outcome:** After completing this course, the student will be able to:

- Learn about conservation biology with emphasis on its legal foundations.
- Get a strong foundation on the National laws relating to Biological Diversity
- Understand how to take Conservation biology as vocation through GOs and NGOs
- Understand the values and ethics of conservation
- Work n the emerging trends in conservation biology
- Get a clear understanding on the major issues in forest the borders- Man-animal conflict management.
- Understand the ways and means of Managing invasive populations.
- Learn the specific conservation requirements and management guidelines
- Practice the methods of conservation of Habitats and Landscapes
- Understand the practice of conservation and sustainable development at the local and national level
- Understand the restoration protocols and procedures for ecological restoration
- 
- Identify the current conservation issues in the Western Ghats biodiversity hotspot and developing skills to tackle them.

#### **1. The Legal Foundations of Conservation Biology**

**20 Hrs**

UN conferences on Environment

UN Conference on Environment and Development (Rio summit) 1992

Copenhagen Climate Change Conference (Copenhagen summit) 2009

Major international conservation laws and treaties

Necessity of International cooperation

Convention on Biological Diversity

Trade-Related Aspects of Intellectual Property Rights (TRIPS)

International protection of migratory species; Bonn convention

International protection of endangered species; CITES, International Whaling Commission (IWC)

International protection of habitats and ecosystems; Ramsar Convention, World Heritage Convention, CAMLR, UNESCO Man and Biosphere Reserve Programme

National laws relating to Biological Diversity	
The Biological Diversity Act 2002	
Regulation of access to biological diversity (NBA, SBB, BMC)	
Biological Diversity Rules, 2004	
Wildlife Protection Act, 1972	
Forest Conservation Act, 1980	
<b>2. Conservation in Practice</b>	<b>6 Hrs</b>
People as agents of conservation	
Conservation biology as vocation	
Values and ethics of conservation	
2.3 Emerging trends in conservation biology	
<b>3. Conservation of Population</b>	<b>12 Hrs</b>
Managing populations	
Providing resources	
Controlling threats	
Direct manipulations; Case study of Black robin ( <i>Petroica traversi</i> )	
Managing meta-populations of spatially disjunct subunits; meta-population models, meta-population dynamics, conservation	
Man-animal conflict management	
Managing invasive populations	
<b>4. Conservation and Management of Specific Taxon</b>	<b>20 Hrs</b>
Specific conservation requirements and management guidelines	
Invertebrates: Insecta - honeybees & Arachnida - spiders	
Fishes: Cyprinids - <i>Sahyadria denisonii</i> & <i>Selachimorpha</i> - Sharks	
Amphibians: Anura - <i>Nasikabatrachus sahyadrensis</i> & Gymnophiona - Caecilians	
Reptiles: Cheloniidae - Olive ridley turtles & Gavialidae - Gharial	
Birds: Bucerotidae - hornbills & Accipitridae - <i>Gyps</i> vultures	
Mammals: <i>Rhinoceros unicornis</i> (Indian rhinoceros) & <i>Dugong (Dugongdugon)</i>	
Major Wildlife conservation projects in India: Project Tiger, Gir Lion Project, Crocodile breeding project, Project Elephant	
<b>5. Conservation of Ecosystems</b>	<b>14 Hrs</b>
Conservation of Habitats and Landscapes: Preservation and conservation of habitats; Landscape management; Reserve design	
Conservation of terrestrial Ecosystems: Forests; Grass lands; Deserts	
Conservation of freshwater habitats	
Conservation of marine habitats	
Conservation of wetlands	
<b>6. Conservation and Human Societies</b>	<b>8 Hrs</b>
Conservation and sustainable development at the local and national level	

Nongovernmental organizations in conservation: Regional, National and International  
Traditional societies, conservation and sustainable use

## 7. Restoration Ecology

10Hrs

Definition and development  
Restoration protocols and procedures for ecological restoration  
Restoring terrestrial and aquatic ecosystem  
Restoration in urban areas  
Biocultural restoration

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48. I R New (2006) Conservation Biology in Australia. Oxford Uty. Press.

### **MSZOO01E03\* WILD LIFE BIOLOGY**

**90 hrs**

**Course outcome:** After the completion of the course the students will be able to:

- Understand the biodiversity with emphasis on various groups of animals -
- and the significance of the Western Ghats as atreasure trove of biodiversity with higher level of endemism. Underst
- ze different groups of wild animals at least upto family level. Recogni
- e a research culture, especially in the field of taxonomy and biodiversity. Inculcat
- themselves to propogate the message of conservation of animals and their ecosystem Equip
- Create

awareness among the public about the ecosystem services of living creatures

## MODULE I & II

### 1. Introduction

10 hrs

Biodiversity: Definition  
Kinds of biodiversity  
Biodiversity hot spots  
Endemism  
Western Ghats Biodiversity

### 2. Biology and Taxonomy of Mammals

30 hrs

Biology and Taxonomy of the following animals with special emphasis on Western Ghats (Biology should include population status, distribution, feeding and breeding habits, major threats to their survival and conservational significance)

Mammals

Order

Primates

Apes:

Gibbon

Monkeys: Macaques (Bonnet, Rhesus, Assamese and Lion tailed) Langurs (Common, Capped, Golden, Nilgiri) Lemurs: Slender Loris and Slow Loris Order Carnivora

Cats: Tiger, Lion, Leopard, Fishing cat, Leopard cat, Jungle cat, Indian Wild Dog, Wolf, Jackal, Indian Fox Otters: Common Otter, Smooth Indian Otter

Bears: Sloth bear, Brown bear, Himalayan black bear, Sun bear Panda: Giant panda, Red panda

Hyena: Striped hyaena

Civets: Malabar civet, Small Indian civet, Common palm civet

Mongoose: Common mongoose, Small Indian mongoose, striped necked mongoose Order Artiodactyla

Cervids: Chital, Sambar, Barking deer, Mouse deer.

Bovids: Indian Antelope, Four horned Antelope, Nilgiri tahr, Indian bison. Suids: Indian Wild boar.

Order Proboscidae Indian Elephant

Order Perisodactyla One horned Rhinoceros. Order Pholidota Indian Pangolin

Order Lagomorpha Hispid hare

Order Insectivora Tree shrew, Hedgehog

Order Rodentia Indian Giant squirrel, Grizzled giant squirrel, Porcupine, Flying squirrel, striped palm squirrel Order Chiroptera Indian flying fox, Short nosed fruit bat, Indian pipistrella

Order Cetacea Gangetic dolphin, Common dolphin, Sperm Whale. Order Sirenia Sea cow

## MODULE III

### 3. Biology and Taxonomy of Birds

20 hrs

Habitat preference

Flocking and aggregation.

Foraging behaviour,

Food competition and selection

Courtship and pair selection,

Brood parasitism and cooperative breeding.

Vocalisation and its Role in birds

Flyways and peculiarities of bird migration in the Indian Subcontinent

Avian classification and distribution with special reference to Indian species.

Order Columbiformes Blue Rock pigeon, Spotted Dove.

Order Podicipediformes Little Grebe

Order Pelecaniformes Little and Large Cormorant, Darter



Order Ciconiformes Pond heron, Large egret, Little egret, Median egret, Grey heron, Purple heron  
 Order Ansariformes Bar headed goose, Lesser whistling teal  
 Order Gruiformes Indian Moorhen, Purple moorhen, White breasted waterhen  
 Order Charadriiformes River tern, Red wattled Lapwing, Yellow wattled Lapwing, Black headed gull, Bronze winged jacana, Pheasant tailed jacana.  
 Order Falconiformes Hawks, Vultures.  
 Order Gruiformes Indian cuckoo, Koel, Crow pheasant  
 Order Coraciformes White breasted kingfisher, Small blue kingfisher, Pied kingfisher, Brown headed kingfisher, Chestnut headed Beak eater, Small green Beak eater, Hornbills  
 Order Pisciformes Lesser Golden backed woodpecker, Indian golden backed woodpecker, Small green barbet  
 Order Psittaciformes Rose ringed parakeet, Blossom headed parakeet, Lorikeet  
 Order Strigiformes Indian horned owl, Mottled wood owl, Barn owl  
 Order Apodiformes Palm swift  
 Order Passeriformes Black headed Oriole, Golden Oriole, Tree Pie, Drongo, Racket tailed Drongo, Red whiskered Bulbul, Red vented Bulbul, Black headed Babbler, White headed Babbler, Munia, Magpie Robin, Jungle Babbler, Purple sunbird, Purple rumped sunbird, Indian Roller, Indian Robin, White cheeked Bulbul, Tickell's flower pecker, Thick billed flower pecker, Paradise flycatcher.  
 Globally endangered Indian birds and their classification (At least 20 species).  
 Endemic Indian birds and endemic bird areas.  
 Economic importance of birds- beneficial and harmful role.

## MODULE IV

### 4. Fishes, Amphibians & Reptiles 20 hrs

Fishes: Endangered and Endemic fishes of Western Ghats (Brief account with threat to their survival).

Amphibia: Amphibians endemic to Western Ghats (Brief account with threat to their survival)

Reptiles

Order Crocodylia Gharial, Estuarine crocodile, Marsh crocodile.

Order Testudines Logger headed sea turtle, Green Sea Turtle, Hawk's Bill Turtle, Olive Ridley Turtle, Leatherback Sea Turtle. (Brief account with threat to their survival )

Order Squamata Indian Monitor Lizards (Brief account only)

Endangered and endemic snakes of Western Ghats (Brief account only)

### 5. Sociobiology & Territoriality 5 hrs

Sociobiology of Lion, Elephant and Deer

Territoriality and functions of territory.

### 6. Principles & Hypothesis 5 hrs

Gondwana principle

Satpura Hypothesis

### References:

1. Aaron, N.M. (1973): Wildlife ecology. W.H. Freeman Co. San Francisco, USA.
2. Alfred, J.R.S., Das, A.K. and Sanyal, A. K. (1998): Faunal diversity in India, ZSI Calcutta
3. Bird life International Red Data Book for Asia (1995), SACON, Coimbatore.
4. Daneil J.C. The book of Indian Reptiles and Amphibians, Oxford publ.
5. Grzimek's Animal life Encyclopedia (1972): Vol. 1-13, Van Nostrand Reinhold Company
6. Induchoodan (2004): Keralathile Pakshikal (Malayalam) - IVth Edn. Kerala Sahitya, Academy, Thrissur.
7. IUCN, WRI and UNEP (1992): Global biodiversity Strategy.
8. Kratiger, A. F. *et al.* - Global Biodiversity strategy
9. Mc Neely, J. A. *et al.*, (1990): Conserving the world's biological diversity, IUCN. Gland
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12. Salim Ali (2002). The book of Indian Birds, revised edn. BNHS & Oxford University press, New Delhi.
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17. Trothy, J.B. Boyle and Boontawee – Measuring and monitoring Biodiversity in Tropical and Temperate Forest. Centre for International forestry Research, Bogor, Indonesia

### **MSZOO 03P 05 – PRACTICAL V (DEVELOPMENTAL BIOLOGY)**

1. Induced ovulation in fish/frog
2. Effect of bilateral eyestalk ablation on moulting in the crab *Barytelphusa cunicularis*.
3. Ovarian index under de-eye stalking of a crustacean.
4. Collection, preservation and permanent preparation of invertebrate larval forms (any five)
5. Rearing of amphibian embryo & larvae and identification of different developmental stages.
6. Vital staining of chick embryo.
7. Histological preparation of chick embryo (any two stages).
8. Preparation of permanent/temporary stained whole mounts of chick embryo.
9. Sperm count of frog
10. Regeneration study on amphibian tadpole

### **MSZOO 03P 06 – PRACTICAL VI (ECOLOGY & CONSERVATION BIOLOGY)**

1. Identification of marine plankton.
2. Separation and Identification of soil micro arthropods applying Berlese funnel
3. Sampling methods: Pitfall traps, Line transect, Quadrate sampling, Point quarter sampling
4. Intertidal studies: rocky shores, sandy (marine) shore, muddy shore and estuaries.
5. Estimation of salinity, pH, phosphates, chlorides and silicates in water samples.
6. Estimation of dissolved oxygen
7. Determination of dissolved Carbon dioxide

## **IV SEMESTER**

### **MS ZOO 04E 04\*– RESEARCH METHODOLOGY- CONCEPTS & METHODS      90 hrs**

**Course outcome: After completing this course, students will be able to**

- Understand what research is and how to go ahead in scientific research
- Learn remote sensing techniques and its applications in animal ecology and behaviour studies
- Learn GIS and its applications in animal ecology and behaviour studies
- Hands on experience in scientific writing and communication.
- Learn about the Ethical, Legal, Social and Scientific Issues in Biological Research
- Identify literature for scientific article, report, thesis preparation etc.
- Understand open access publishing
- Learn about fundamentals of open source software like R, Python, Q GIS etc.
- Prepare and preserve museum specimens for display
- Learn about taxidermy and museology

I.	Introduction	12 Hrs
	1. Meaning of research	
	2. Motivation for research	
	3. Types of research	
	4. Approaches in research	
	5. Research methods and research methodology	
	6. Research process	
	7. Problems encountered by researchers in India.	
II.	Defining Research Problem	8Hrs
	1. What is a research problem?	
	2. Selecting research problem	
	3. Techniques in defining research problem.	
III.	Research Design	10 Hrs
	1. Meaning of research design	
	2. Features of a good research design	
	3. Important concepts relating to research design	
	4. Different research designs	
	5. Basic principles of experimental designs.	
IV.	Scientific Writing and publishing	14 Hrs
	1. Different steps in scientific writing	
	2. Layout of research reports/thesis	
	3. Types of reports: Research papers, popular science articles; dissertation/thesis	
	4. Oral presentation.	
	5. Open access publishing	
	6. Open source software	
V.	Ethical, Legal, Social and Scientific Issues in Biological Research	12Hrs
	1. Guidelines for biosafety	
	2. Functioning of Institutional Animal Ethics Committee and Institutional Ethics Committee	
	3. CPCSEA guidelines for experimentation	
	4. DBT guidelines for biosafety practices.	
VI.	Research Project Proposals and Funding Agencies	12 Hrs
	1. Preparation of research project proposal	
	2. Project funding agencies – DST,UGC,DBT,CSIR,KSCSTE,KFRI and KSBB.	
VII.	Remote sensing: Applications; GIS	6 Hrs
VIII.	Digital photography and Videography; photomicrography.	8Hrs
IX.	Taxidermy and Museology	8Hrs

**References:**

1. Slayter, E.M. (1970) Optical methods in biology. Wiley Inter-science
2. Daniel, M. (2002) Basic biophysics for Biologists, Agrobotanica, Bikaner
3. Willard, H.H., Merritt, L.L., Dean, J.A. and Settle, F.A. (2000) Instrumental methods of analysis, 7th edn. CBS publication
4. Kealey, D. and P.J. Haines (2002) Analytic. Chem., Instant Notes, Viva books Pvt. ltd. N. Delhi
5. Upadhyay, A. Upadhyay, K. and Nath, N. (1977) Biophysical Chemistry: Principles and Techniques, Himalaya Publ. house

6. Nolting, B, (2003) methods in modern biophysics, Springer, Berlin
7. Gautham, N.V.P. (2003) Biophysics. Narosa Publ. house, N. Delhi.
8. Biological Techniques:
9. Richard Dawkins (2008). Modern Science Writing. Oxford University Press
10. Paul Oliver (2008). Writing your thesis. Sage Publications.
11. Ranjith Kumar (2008). Research Methodology (4th edn). Pearson Education
12. Michael R Peres (2007). Focal Encyclopedia of Photography. Elsevier
13. Liz Hamp-Lyons & Ben Heasley (2008) Study writing. Cambridge University Press.

## MSZOO04E05\* PARASITOLOGY

**90Hrs**

### A. General Parasitology ( 30 hrs )

- |  |                |
|--|----------------|
| 1. Introduction to Parasitology<br>Parasitology and human and animal welfare<br>Types of parasites and hosts<br>Transmission of parasites                          | 5 Hours        |
| 2. Parasitic adaptations:<br>2.1 Morphological<br>Physiological<br>Biochemical<br>2.4 Immunological.   | 6 Hours        |
| 3. Ecology of parasites:<br>Epidemiology<br>Ecosystem and parasites<br>3.3. Host demography<br>Ecological terms in Parasitology<br>Parasitic Zoonoses              | 8 Hours modify |
| 4. Behaviour and Parasitism:<br>Parasite effects benefitting parasites<br>Counter measures of hosts<br>Parasitism and life history theory                          | 6 Hours modify |
| 5. Effects of parasites on hosts:<br>Parasite induced modifications of host<br>Growth factors<br>Parasitic castration<br>Effects of toxins, poisons and secretions | 5 Hours        |

### B. Protozoology (15 Hours)

6. Morphology, life cycle, pathology and prophylaxis of the following protozoan parasites:  
     Phylum Mastigophora- *Leishmania*  
     Phylum Sarcodina – *Entamoeba*  
     Phylum Ciliophora – *Balantidium*  
     Phylum Apicomplexa – *Plasmodium*  
     Phylum Myxozoa – *Myxosoma*  
     P6.6 hylum Microspora – *Nosema* Check for classification

### C. Helminthology (25 Hours)

7. Morphology, life cycle, pathology and prophylaxis of the following Trematode, Cestode and

- Nematode parasites:  
 Digenetic trematodes: *Schistosoma*, *Fasciola*, *Paragonimus*,. (an account on larval trematodes with emphasis on classification of cercariae) 10 Hours  
 Cestodes: *Diphyllobothrium*, *Taenia*, *Echinococcus* 6 Hours  
 Nematodes: *Ancylostoma*, *Ascaris*, *Enterobius*, *Wuchereria* 7 Hours
8. Freshwater gastropod molluscs as intermediate hosts of trematode parasites 2 Hours
- D. Arthropods of Medical and Veterinary importance. 15 Hours
9. Morphology, life cycle, medical & veterinary importance and control measures of the following arthropods:  
 Insects: *Phlebotomus*, *Anopheles*, *Culex*, *Aedes*, *Ctenocephalides*, *Xenopsylla*, *Pediculus*  
 Arachnids: *Boophilus*, *Sarcoptes*
10. Myiasis : Definition, types and medical & veterinary importance
- E. Molecular taxonomy of parasites: 5 Hours

**Parasitology:**

1. Gerald W. Esch. (2016). Ecological Parasitology. Wiley Blackwell.
2. Elling Ulvestad (2007) - Defending Life -The nature of host-parasite relations. Springer
3. Michel Serres (2007) The Parasite. University of Minnesota Press
4. Joanne P. Webster (Eds.) (2009). Natural History of Host-Parasite Interactions
5. Serge Morand and Boris R Krasnov
6. Cheng TC (1986): General Parasitology, Academic Press, N.Y.
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22. ZSI (1980): Proceedings on the Workshop on Techniques in Parasitology, ZSI, Calcutta, India.
23. Agricultural Devpt. And Advisory Service: Manual of Vety. Parasitological Lab. Tech., London.
24. Gillespie's, SH & Hawkey PN (1995): Medical Parasitology – A practical approach, Oxford Univ. Press.
25. Roberts, LS and J Janovy (2006): Foundations of Parasitology (McGraw Hill) Bush A O, et al. (2001): Parasitism – The diversity and ecology of Animal Parasites.

## MS ZOO04E06\* FISHERIES BIOLOGY90 Hours

<b>1. Fish Taxonomy</b>	<b>5 hrs</b>
Classification and distribution of economically important fin fishes	
<b>2. Integument</b>	<b>6 hrs</b>
Exoskeleton	
Skin and scales	
Colouration	
Chromatophores and pigments	
Structure, function and modification of fins	
<b>3. Locomotion</b>	<b>5 hrs</b>
Body shape and musculature	
Mechanism of propulsion	
<b>4. Life history of fishes</b>	<b>8 hrs</b>
Reproduction, reproductive hormones, reproductive behaviour, oviparity, ovoviviparity	
Age and growth	
Migration	
<b>5. Digestive physiology</b>	<b>8 hrs</b>
Food and feeding	
Feeding behaviour	
Feeding mechanism	
Digestive enzymes	
Absorption	
<b>6. Circulatory physiology</b>	<b>6 hrs</b>
Heart	
Blood, blood cells, blood pigments and functions of blood	
Circulation	
<b>7. Respiratory physiology</b>	<b>6 hrs</b>
Gills and Accessory respiratory organs	
Gas transport	
<b>8. Excretory and Osmoregulatory physiology</b>	<b>6 hrs</b>
Excretory organs	
Osmoregulation in marine, brackish water and fresh water fishes	
<b>9. Endocrine physiology</b>	<b>10 hrs</b>
Endocrine glands – structure and function	
Regulation of endocrine secretion	
Crustacean neurosecretory system and their role in reproduction	

<b>10. Adaptive physiology</b>	<b>7 hrs</b>
Deep sea fishes	
Cave dwelling fishes	
Hill stream fishes	
<b>11. Oceanography</b>	<b>10 hrs</b>
Ecological subdivisions of the sea	
Major topographic features of continental shelf, continental slope and ocean floor	
Physico-chemical properties of sea water	
Ocean currents	
Ocean productivity	
Coral reefs	
<b>12. Brackish water ecology</b>	<b>7 hrs</b>
Characteristics of brackish and estuarine waters	
Estuarine productivity	
<b>13. Limnology</b>	<b>6 hrs</b>
Classification of inland waters – ponds, lakes, rivers and reservoirs	
Physico-chemical properties of inland waters	

**References:**

1. Jayaram K. C. 2002. Fundamentals Of Fish Taxonomy. Edition, reprint. Publisher, Narendra Publishing House. Original from, Cornell University.
2. Jayaram. K.C. 2013. Fundamentals of Fish Taxonomy. Delhi.
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10. Usinger. General Zoology, Vols. I & II.
11. Marshall & Williams. Textbook of Zoology. Vol.I.
12. Parker and Hasswell. Textbook of zoology, Vertebrates. Vol.II.
13. Barnes. General Zoology
14. Day, F. The fishes of India.
15. S.S. Khanna. An introduction to fishes
16. K.G. Lagler. Ichthyology
17. Prosser & Brown. Comparative Physiology
18. Hoar. Comparative Physiology
19. Hoar & Randall. Fish Physiology

**MSZOO04C011 PROJECT WORK**

The main objective of introducing a project work in the curriculum is that the student who completes this course should get hands on experience in independent research work in the field of biodiversity conservation and management. He/she should equip himself/herself to face challenges in Conservation Biology and should

be able to provide trained manpower in the field. A topic in the optional subject – Biodiversity: Conservation and Management shall be assigned to each student.

The research work related to this topic will be carried out by each student under the supervision of a teacher. The report of the findings shall be submitted by each student in the form of a dissertation which shall be submitted for evaluation a day prior to the date of viva voce examination of the fourth semester. A declaration by the student to the effect that the dissertation submitted by him/her has not previously formed the basis for the award of any degree or diploma and a certificate by the supervising teacher to the effect that the dissertation is an authentic record of work carried out by the student under his supervision are to be furnished in the dissertation.

Assessment of different components of project may be taken as below:

**Internal evaluation: 40 marks**

Internal evaluation should be done by the Internal supervising teacher on the basis of the involvement of student at various stages of the project work including collection of data in a time bound manner, submission of dissertation as per the time schedule and on the sincerity and punctuality in carrying out the dissertation work

**External evaluation: 60 marks**

External evaluation of the dissertation and the conduct of Viva Voce examination should be done by two examiners of which one should be an expert from an Academic or research institute from a panel of experts submitted to University by the Head of the Department and the other should be a permanent faculty member nominated by the Head of the Department.

Out of the 60 marks 40 marks may be earmarked for the dissertation, 15 marks for the presentation and 05 marks for the interaction

Pass conditions. The students shall declare to pass the project report course if she/he secures a minimum of 40% marks (internal and external put together). In an instance of inability of obtaining a minimum of 40% marks, project work may be redone and the report may be resubmitted along with subsequent exams through parent department. There shall be no improvement chance for the marks obtained in the project report.



